Date : 16/02/2018 Page 1/9 Revision : N°3 (16/02/2018)

**GEBSOFER FIBRE - 2105103C** 



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : GEBSOFER FIBRE Product code : 2105103C.

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : GEB.

Address : CS 62062.95972.ROISSY CDG CEDEX . France.

Telephone : 01 48 17 99 99. Fax : 01 48 17 98 00.

geb@geb.fr

www.geb.fr

1.4. Emergency telephone number : 01 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation : INRS.

# **SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 3 (Flam. Liq. 3, H226).

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 (Repr. 2, H361).

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 1 (STOT RE 1, H372).

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

# 2.2. Label elements

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

## Hazard pictograms :



GHS07 GHS08 Signal Word : DANGER Product identifiers : 601-026-00-0 Hazard statements : H226 H315

GHS02

STYRENE Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. H319 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled). Precautionary statements - General : P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary state	ements -	Prevention :
P210		

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Precautionary statements - Response :	
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Procentioners statements Disposal:	

Precautionary statements - Disposal :

Discard content/container according to applicable regulations.

## 2.3. Other hazards

P501

In the event of dust formed by mechanical action (sanding, sawing, etc..), this dust may cause irritation by inhalation and contact with eyes.

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

# SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.2. Mixtures

Composition :			
Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
INDEX: 601-026-00-0	GHS02, GHS08, GHS07	D	10 <= x % < 25
EC: 202-851-5	Dgr	[1]	
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[2]	
STYRENE	Repr. 2, H361d		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT RE 1, H372		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		

# Information on ingredients :

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

[2] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

# **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

## In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation of dust, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

#### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

# In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

## In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

# SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

# Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages cool when in the vicinity of flames.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

## Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

# SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

# For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

#### Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

Avoid inhaling dust.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

#### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

# **SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Avoid exposure to pregnant women and warn women of child-bearing age of the possible risks

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.

The mixture can become electrostatically charged : always earth during decanting operations. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and floors should be electrically conductive.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

## **Recommended equipment and procedures :**

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

#### Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

#### Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

#### Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

#### **7.3.** Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits :**

- European Union (2	2017/164/UE, 2	009/161/UE, 20	06/15/CE, 2000	)/39/CE, 98/24/	CE)	_
CAS	VME-mg/m3:	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm :	Notes :	
100-42-5	200	46.6	100	23.3	VLRI,Peau,Br	
					uit	
- ACGIH TLV (Ame	erican Conferen	ce of Governme	ental Industrial l	Hygienists, Thre	eshold Limit Va	lues, 2010) :
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
100-42-5	20 ppm	40 ppm		A4; BEI		
- Germany - AGW (I	BAuA - TRGS	900, 21/06/2010	)):			-
CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes		
100-42-5		20 ppm		2(II)		
		86 mg/m3				
- France (INRS - ED984 :2012) :						
CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes :	TMP No :
100-42-5	46.6	200	23.3	100	Peau/Bruit	84
- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2007) :						
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
100-42-5	100 ppm	250 ppm				
	430 mg/m3	1080 mg/m3				

#### **8.2.** Exposure controls

#### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

## - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Before handling powders or dust emission, wear mask goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

## - Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

Recommended properties :

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

## - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

Wear protective clothing against solid chemicals and particles suspended in the air (type 5) in accordance with standard EN13982-1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

## - Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing vapours.

Avoid breathing dust.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask dust filter in accordance with standard EN149.

Category :

- FFP3

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A3 (Brown)

# **SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties General information : Physical state : Paste. Important health, safety and environmental information pH:Not relevant. Boiling point/boiling range : Not relevant. Flash Point : 36.00 °C. Vapour pressure (50°C) : Not relevant. Density : < 1 Water solubility : Insoluble. Melting point/melting range : Not relevant. Self-ignition temperature : Not relevant. Decomposition point/decomposition range : Not relevant. 9.2. Other information VOC (g/l): 234

# SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

## 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

#### **10.3.** Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.

- heating
- heat
- flames and hot surfaces
- formation of dusts

#### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

## SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days. Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

In the event of dust formed by mechanical action (sanding, sawing, etc..), this dust may cause irritation by inhalation and contact with eyes.

Suspected human reproductive toxicant.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Causes severe damage to organs in the event of repeated or prolonged exposure.

2-butoxyethanol and its acetate are absorbed directly through the skin and have harmful effects on the blood.

#### 11.1.1. Substances

No toxicological data available for the substances.

#### 11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

## Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 100-42-5 : IARC Group 2B : The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

# **SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 12.1. Toxicity

#### 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

# **SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2017 - IMDG 2016 - ICAO/IATA 2017).

# 14.1. UN number

3269

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN3269=POLYESTER RESIN KIT

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)





3

14.4. Packing group

III

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

-

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	3	F3	III	3	-	5 L	236 340	E0	3	E
	If Q <45	01, see 2.2.3	3.1.5.1.							
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
	3	-	III	5 L	F-E,S-D	236 340	See SP340			
	If Q <30	l, see 2.3.2.	5.							
		·								
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	3	-	III	370	10 kg	370	10 kg	A66	E0	
							U U	A163		
	3	-	III	Y370	5 kg	-	-	A66	E0	
								A163		

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

# SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## - Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

# The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2016/1179. (ATP 9)

#### - Container information:

Packaging to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings (see EC Regulation No. 1272/2008, Annex II, Part 3).

Containers to be fitted with a tactile warning of danger (see EC Regulation No. 1272/2008, Annex II, Part 3).

# - Particular provisions :

No data available.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

## **SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

# Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .

# Abbreviations :

CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

- ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.
- IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

GHS08 : Health hazard

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.