GALVANISATION A FROID GALVAGEB MAT

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : GALVANISATION A FROID GALVAGEB MAT
UFI : K3JQ-KAE3-J20D-M0NN

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

High temperature paint for protection of metals.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : GEB.
Address : CS 62062.95972.ROISSY CDG CEDEX . France.
Telephone : +33 1 48 17 99 99. Fax : +33 1 48 17 98 00.
geb@geb.fr
www.geb.fr

1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation : INRS.

Other emergency numbers

N/A

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).
Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).
Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).
May produce an allergic reaction (EUH208).
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Acute 1, H400).
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Chronic 1, H410).
The propellant gas is not taken into account when determining the health and environmental classification of the mixture.

2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :


GHS09


GHS02


GHS07

Signal Word :

DANGER

Product identifiers :

606-002-00-3 BUTANONE

Additional labeling :

EUH208 Contains OCTADECANOIC ACID, 12-HYDROXY-, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH HEXAMETHYLENEDIAMINE. May produce an allergic reaction.

Hazard statements :	
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements - General :	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
Precautionary statements - Prevention :	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
Precautionary statements - Response :	
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Precautionary statements - Storage :	
P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.
P405	Store locked up.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Precautionary statements - Disposal :	
P501	Discard content/container according to applicable regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 59 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances> = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition :

Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7 REACH: 01-2119474691-32 BUTANE	GHS02 Dgr Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas, H280	C [i] [vii]	25 <= x % < 50
INDEX: 606-002-00-3 CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0 REACH: 01-2119457290-43 BUTANONE	GHS02, GHS07 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[i]	10 <= x % < 25

INDEX: 030-001-01-9 CAS: 7440-66-6 EC: 231-175-3 ZINC POWDER - ZINC DUST (STABILISED)	GHS09 Wng Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M Acute = 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M Chronic = 1		10 <= x % < 25
CAS: 64742-49-0 EC: 927-510-4 REACH: 01-2119475515-33 NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT	GHS07, GHS09, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		2.5 <= x % < 10
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 REACH: 01-2119488216-32 XYLENE	GHS06, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	C [i]	1 <= x % < 2.5
CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 918-668-5 REACH: 01-2119455851-35 SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM.	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336		1 <= x % < 2.5
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 REACH: 01-2119489370-35 ETHYLBENZENE	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[i]	0.1 <= x % < 1
INDEX: 601-023-00-4 CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 REACH: 01-2119489370-35 ETHYLBENZENE	GHS02, GHS07, GHS08 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[i]	0.1 <= x % < 1
EC: 434-430-9 REACH: 01-0000018057-71 OCTADECANOIC ACID, 12-HYDROXY-, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH HEXAMETHYLENEDIAMINE	GHS07, GHS08 Wng Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413		0.1 <= x % < 1
CAS: 64-17-5 EC: 200-578-6 REACH: 01-2119457610-43 ETHANOL	GHS07, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[i]	0.1 <= x % < 1
INDEX: 603-108-00-1 CAS: 78-83-1 EC: 201-148-0 2-METHYLPROPAN-1-OL	GHS02, GHS05, GHS07 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336	[i]	0 <= x % < 0.1

CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9 REACH: 01-2119471310-51 TOLUENE	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Repr. 2, H361d STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[i] [ii]	0 <= x % < 0.1

Specific concentration limits:

Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7 REACH: 01-2119474691-32 BUTANE		inhalation: ATE = 658 mg/l (dust/mist)
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 REACH: 01-2119488216-32 XYLENE		inhalation: ATE = 5.53 mg/l (dust/mist) dermal: ATE = 1001 mg/kg BW
CAS: 64-17-5 EC: 200-578-6 REACH: 01-2119457610-43 ETHANOL		inhalation: ATE = 51 mg/l 4h (vapours) oral: ATE = 10470 mg/kg BW

Information on ingredients :

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[i] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

[ii] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

[vii] Propellant gas

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO_2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits :

- European Union :

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :
78-93-3	600	200	900	300	-
1330-20-7	221	50	442	100	Peau
100-41-4	442	100	884	200	Peau
100-41-4	442	100	884	200	Peau
108-88-3	192	50	384	100	Peau

- UK :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
106-97-8	600 ppm 1450 mg/m3	750 ppm 1810 mg/m3		Carc	
78-93-3	200 ppm 600 mg/m3	300 ppm 899 mg/m3		Sk. BMGV	
1330-20-7	50 ppm 220 mg/m3	100 ppm 441 mg/m3		Sk. BMGV	
100-41-4	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	125 ppm 552 mg/m3		Sk	
100-41-4	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	125 ppm 552 mg/m3		Sk	
64-17-5	1000 ppm 1920 mg/m3				
78-83-1	50 ppm 154 mg/m3	75 ppm 231 mg/m3			
108-88-3	50 ppm 191 mg/m3	100 ppm 384 mg/m3		Sk	

Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Final use: **Workers.**

Exposure method: Dermal contact.
Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL : 343 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.
Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL : 950 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.
Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL : 1900 mg of substance/m3

Final use: **Consumers.**

Exposure method: Ingestion.
Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL : 87 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method:	Dermal contact.
Potential health effects:	Long term systemic effects.
DNEL :	206 mg/kg body weight/day
Exposure method:	Inhalation.
Potential health effects:	Long term systemic effects.
DNEL :	114 mg of substance/m3

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)

Final use:	**Workers.**
Exposure method:	Dermal contact.
Potential health effects:	Long term systemic effects.
DNEL :	180 mg/kg body weight/day
Exposure method:	Inhalation.
Potential health effects:	Short term local effects.
DNEL :	293 mg of substance/m3
Exposure method:	Inhalation.
Potential health effects:	Long term systemic effects.
DNEL :	77 mg of substance/m3
Final use:	**Consumers.**
Exposure method:	Ingestion.
Potential health effects:	Long term systemic effects.
DNEL :	1.6 mg/kg body weight/day
Exposure method:	Inhalation.
Potential health effects:	Long term local effects.
DNEL :	15 mg of substance/m3

BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)

Final use:	**Workers.**
Exposure method:	Dermal contact.
Potential health effects:	Long term systemic effects.
DNEL :	1161 mg/kg body weight/day
Exposure method:	Inhalation.
Potential health effects:	Long term systemic effects.
DNEL :	600 mg of substance/m3
Final use:	**Consumers.**
Exposure method:	Ingestion.
Potential health effects:	Long term systemic effects.
DNEL :	31 mg/kg body weight/day
Exposure method:	Dermal contact.
Potential health effects:	Long term systemic effects.
DNEL :	412 mg/kg body weight/day
Exposure method:	Inhalation.
Potential health effects:	Long term systemic effects.
DNEL :	106 mg of substance/m3

Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Environmental compartment:	Soil.
PNEC :	0.63 mg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Fresh water.
PNEC :	0.96 mg/l
Environmental compartment:	Sea water.
PNEC :	0.79 mg/l
Environmental compartment:	Intermittent waste water.
PNEC :	2.75 mg/l
Environmental compartment:	Fresh water sediment.
PNEC :	3.6 mg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Marine sediment.
PNEC :	2.9 mg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Waste water treatment plant.
PNEC :	580 mg/l
Environmental compartment:	Vermivore predators (oral).
PNEC :	0.72 mg/kg

BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)

Environmental compartment:	Soil.
PNEC :	22.5 mg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Fresh water.
PNEC :	55.8 mg/l
Environmental compartment:	Sea water.
PNEC :	55.8 µg/l
Environmental compartment:	Intermittent waste water.
PNEC :	55.8 mg/l
Environmental compartment:	Fresh water sediment.
PNEC :	284.7 mg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Marine sediment.
PNEC :	284.7 µg/kg
Environmental compartment:	Waste water treatment plant.
PNEC :	709 mg/l
Environmental compartment:	Vermivore predators (oral).
PNEC :	1000 mg/m3

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard ISO 16321.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

Recommended properties :

Thk : 0.075 mm

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Avoid inhaling vapors.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149/A1.

Category :

- FFP1

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A1 (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143 :

- P1 (White)

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Physical state :	Viscous liquid. Spray.

Colour
Unspecified

Odour
Odour threshold : Not stated.

Melting point
Melting point/melting range : Not relevant.

Freezing point
Freezing point / Freezing range : Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range
Boiling point/boiling range : Not relevant.

Flammability
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not stated.

Lower and upper explosion limit
Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) : Not stated.
Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) : Not stated.

Flash point
Flash point interval : Not relevant.

Auto-ignition temperature
Self-ignition temperature : Not relevant.

Decomposition temperature
Decomposition point/decomposition range : Not relevant.

pH
pH (aqueous solution) : Not stated.
pH : Not relevant.

Kinematic viscosity
Viscosity : < 20,5 mm²/s (PA 40°C)

Solubility
Water solubility : Insoluble.
Fat solubility : Not stated.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not stated.

Vapour pressure
Vapour pressure (50°C) : Not relevant.

Density and/or relative density
Density : 1.1 (PA)

Relative vapour density
Vapour density : Not stated.

9.2. Other information
VOC (g/l) : 603.7
% VOC : 82.5

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes
No data available.

Aerosols
Chemical combustion heat : Not specified.
Inflammation time : Not specified.
Deflagration density : Not specified.
Inflammation distance : Not specified.
Flame height : Not specified.
Flame duration : Not specified.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

Formation of explosible dust/air mixtures

Characteristic of dust particles :
Maximum pressure generated by the explosion :
Deflagration index (Kst) :
Minimum ignition energy :
MEC/LEL:

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- heating
- heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

11.1.1. Substances

a) Acute toxicity :

BUTANE (CAS: 106-97-8)

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) :	LC50 = 658 mg/l Species : Rat

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

Dermal route :	LD50 = 1001 mg/kg body weight
Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) :	LC50 = 5.53 mg/l

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Oral route :	LD50 = 10470 mg/kg body weight OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
Dermal route :	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg body weight Species : Rabbit OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Inhalation route (Vapours) :	LC50 = 51 mg/l Species : Rat OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) Duration of exposure : 4 h

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT (CAS: 64742-49-0)

Oral route :	LD50 > 5840 mg/kg body weight Species : Rat
Dermal route :	LD50 > 2920 mg/kg body weight Species : Rat
Inhalation route (n/a) :	LC50 > 23300 mg/m3 Species : Rat OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation :

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Species : Rabbit
OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Species : Rabbit
OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Species : Rabbit
OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Species : Rabbit
OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Species : Rabbit
OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Species : Rabbit
OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation :

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Local lymph node stimulation test :	Non-Sensitiser. Species : Mouse OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay)
Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GMPT) :	Non-sensitiser.

Species : Others

e) Germ cell mutagenicity :

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

No mutagenic effect.

OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)

f) Carcinogenicity :

No data available.

g) Reproductive toxicant :

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Study on fertility : Species : Rat
OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)

h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Inhalation route : C > 20 mg/litre/6h/day
Species : Rat
Duration of exposure : 90 days

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)

Inhalation route : C > 0.75 mg/litre/6h/day
Duration of exposure : 28 days

j) Aspiration hazard :

No data available.

11.1.2. Mixture

a) Acute toxicity :

No data available.

b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation :

The irritant classification is based on the high/low pH value without irritation tests having been performed.

c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

No data available.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation :

Contains at least one sensitising substance. May cause an allergic reaction.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity :

No data available.

f) Carcinogenicity :

No data available.

g) Reproductive toxicant :

No data available.

h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

No data available.

j) Aspiration hazard :

No data available.

11.1.2.2 Other information

11.2. Information on other hazards

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 108-88-3 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

CAS 64-17-5 : IARC Group 1 : The agent is carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 100-41-4 : IARC Group 2B : The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 100-41-4 : IARC Group 2B : The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 1330-20-7 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM. (CAS: 64742-95-6)

Fish toxicity :	NOEC = 1.23 mg/l Duration of exposure : 28 days
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 2.9 mg/l Duration of exposure : 72 h

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 2.6 mg/l Duration of exposure : 96 h
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 1 mg/l Duration of exposure : 48 h
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 2.2 mg/l Duration of exposure : 72 h

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 14200 mg/l Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure : 96 h
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 5012 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h
	NOEC = 9.6 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 14 days
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 275 mg/l Duration of exposure : 72 h
	EC10 mg/l Duration of exposure : 72 h

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM. (CAS: 64742-95-6)

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2022 [41-22] - ICAO/IATA 2024 [65]).

14.1. UN number or ID number

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :

2.1

14.4. Packing group

-

14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material :

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344 625	E0	2	D

IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregation
	2	See SP63	-	See SP277	F-D. S-U	63 190 277 327 344 381 959	E0	- SW1 SW22	SG69

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	2.1	-	-	Forbidden	Forbidden	203	150 kg	A1 A145 A167 A802	E0
	2.1	-	-	Forbidden	Forbidden	-	-	A1 A145 A167 A802	E0

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilised))

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2022/692 (ATP 18)

Container information:

No data available.

Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

Explosives precursors :

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

Particular provisions :

No data available.

Persistent organic pollutants (POP) (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):

The mixture does not contain a persistent organic pollutant.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Abbreviations and acronyms :

LD50 : The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50 : The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

NOEC : The concentration with no observed effect.

REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW : Body Weight

DNEL : Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC : Predicted No-Effect Concentration

CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

UFI : Unique formulation identifier.

STEL : Short-term exposure limit

TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)
AEV : Average Exposure Value.
ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.
IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
IATA : International Air Transport Association.
ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation
RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.
WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).
GHS02 : Flame
GHS07 : Exclamation mark
GHS09 : Environment
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.
vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.
SVHC : Substances of very high concern.